IDENTITY CARD

It is the responsibility of the user organisation to provide the identity card and to fill in the details required. The identity card should be filled in before the first use by a competent person, responsible inthe user organization for protective equipment. Any information about the equipment like periodic inspections, repairs, reasons of equipment's withdrawal from use shall be noted into the identity card by a competent person in the user organization. The identity card should be stored during a whole period of equipment utilization. Do not use the equipment without the identity card.

MODEL AND TYPE OF EQUIPMENT	
SERIAL/BATCH NUMBER	
REFERENCE NUMBER	
DATE OF MANUFACTURE	
DATE OF PURCHASE	
DATE OF FIRST USE	
USER NAME	

USER NAM	1E				
PERIODIC INSPECTION AND REPAIR HISTORY CARD					
DATE OF INSPECTION	REASON FOR INSPECTION OR REPAIR	DEFECTS, CONDITION NOTED REPAIRS CARRIED OUT	NAME AND SIGNATURE OF COMPETENT PERSON	NEXT INSPECTION DATE	

- there are many hazards that may affect the performance of the equipment and corresponding safety precautions that have to be observed during equipment utilization, especially.
 - trailing or looping of lanyards or lifelines over sharp edges,
 - any defects like cutting, abrasion, corrosion.
 - climatic exposure,
 - pendulum falls.
 - extremes of temperature,
 - chemical reagents,
 - electrical conductivity.
- personal protective equipment must be transported in the package (e.g.: bag made of moisture-proof textile or foil bag or cases made of steel or plastic) to protect it against damage or moisture.
- the equipment can be cleaned without causing adverse effect on the materials in the manufacture of the equipment. For textile products use mild detergents for delicate fabrics, wash by hand or in a machine and rinse in water. Plastic parts can be cleaned only with water. When the equipment becomes wet, either from being in use or when due cleaning, it shall be allowed to dry naturally, and shall be kept away from direct heat. In metallic products some mechanic parts (spring, pin, hinge, etc.) can be regularly slightly lubricated to ensure better operation. Other maintenance and cleaning procedures should be adhered to detailed instructions stated in the manual of the equipment.
- personal protective equipment should be stored loosely packed, in a wellventilated place, protected from direct light, ultraviolet degradation, damp environment, sharp edges, extreme temperatures and corrosive or agoressive substances.

MAXIMUM LIFETIME - Correctly working device lifetime is unlimited. The maximum lifetime depends on the intensity of usage and the environment of usage. Using the anchor device in rough environment, marine environment, contact with sharp edges, exposure to extreme temperatures or agressive substances, etc. can lead to the withdrawal from use even after one use.

PERIODICAL INSPECTION - At least once a year (after every 12 months of use), the anchor device shall be subject to periodical inspection. The periodical inspection must only be carried out by a suitably qualified, competent person, who has the knowledge and training required for personal protective equipment periodic inspections. Depending upon the type and environment of work, inspections may be needed to be carried out more frequently than once every 12 months. Every periodical inspection must be recorded in the Identity Card of the equipment.

WITHDRAWAL FROM USE - The device must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed when it has been used to arrest a fall or it fails to pass inspection or there are any doubt as to its reliability.

Manufacturer

PROTEKT - Starorudzka 9 - 93-403 Lodz - Poland tel. +4842 6802083 - fax. +4842 6802093 - www.protekt.com.pl

Notified body for EU type examination according to PPE Regulation 2016/025:

APAVE SUD EUROPE SAS (no 0082) - CS 60193 - F13322 MARSEILLE CEDEX 16 - FRANCE

Notified body for control production:

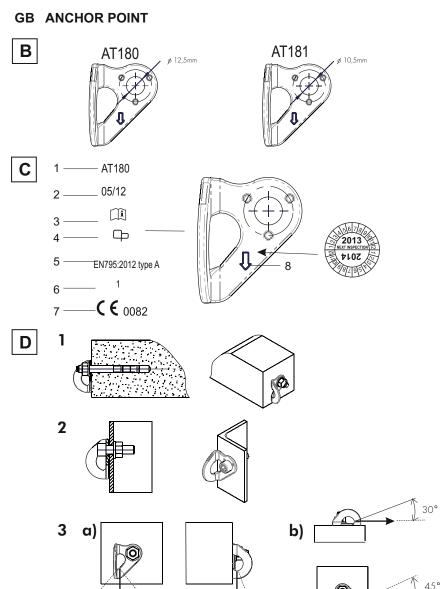
APAVE SUD EUROPE SAS (no 0082) - CS 60193 - F13322 MARSEILLE CEDEX 16 - FRANCE



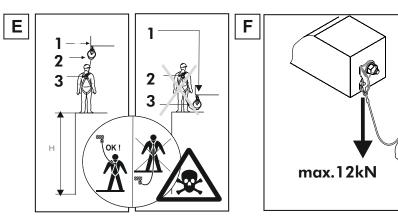


C € 0082 EN 795:2012/A

45°



30°



GB - NOTICE: Read and fully understand these instructions before using this equipment

Anchor device AT180 or AT181 is a component of personal protective equipment against falls from a height. It is used to connect fall arrest devices to the structural anchor point. Anchor device AT180 or AT181 conforms the standard EN 795 type A - protection against falls from a height - Anchor devices. Anchor device AT180 or AT181 is appropriate for a single person use only.

B. CONSTRUCTION

Static strength -min.12kN

Material: Stainless steel ANSI304

Number of person: 1

Holding down bolt: AT180-M12, AT181-M10

C. MEANING OF THE MARKING

- 1. reference number
- 2. number of manufacturing series
- 3. caution: read the manual
- 4. manufacturer or distributor marking
- 5. number and year of issuing an European standards applicable for the lanyard
- max. number of person
- 7. The CE mark and number of the notified body responsible for performing the manufacturing process inspection

month and year of the manufacturer's next inspection. Don't use the device after this date. Attention: Before the first use mark the date of the first inspection (date of first use +12 months, e.g. first use 01.2013 - mark inspection 01.2014)

D. ATTACHING ANCHOR DEVICE

1. Example: mounting to concrete surface

Mechanical anchor

M12 stud anchor - A2 for AT180

M10 stud anchor - A2 for AT181

Minimal strength of concrete: 20 MPa

Cross section of the anchor.

2. Example: mounting to steel surface

M12 screw - A2 for AT180 M10 screw - A2 for AT181

Cross section of the screw

- 3. Direction of applying the load
- a) Vertical wall
- b) Horizontal wall

- 1. Before installing, the anchor point should be stored in a clean, dry place, in the conditions which prevent from mechanical damage,
- 2. The installation of the anchor point must be conducted in accordance with the principles of making mechanical and construction connections. For joining, use M12 screws for AT180 anchors, made of at least stainless steel class A2-70. Screw length should be chosen according to the thickness of the elements combined. For joining, use M10 screws for AT181 anchors, made of at least stainless steel class A2-70. Screw length should be chosen according to the thickness of the elements
- 3. Take into account the environmental conditions prevailing at the installation site, which might cause the corrosion of the anchor point and connectors.
- 4.Please follow the instructions concerning the installation, contained in the information annex to the EN795 standard.
- 5. The connection to concrete substrate must be performed using mechanical anchors with the M12 threaded shank. The concrete substrate should have a compressive strength of not less than 20MPa.
- 6.Installation examples are shown in the drawings.
- 7. Force transmitted to the structure is less than 12kN. For possible force directions see figure 3.
- 8. The deflection point does not exceed 5 mm.
- 9 Check clearance beneath the user!!!

Using the anchor point in connection with fall arrest system must be compatibile with use instructions of the fall arrest systems and obligatory standards:

- EN 361 - for safety harness:

- EN 353-2, EN 355, EN 360 for fall arrest equipment
- EN 362 for the connectors.
- EN 795 for anchorages.

The structural anchor point should be situated above the working place and the shape of the structural anchor point should not let self-acting disconection of the device.

E ANCHOR POINT POSITION

- 1. Structural Anchor Point min. 12 kN
- 2. position of fall arrest device
- 3. level of attachment point of a harness

F. CLEARANCE DISTANCE

The clearance distance H between the work level and the ground level (or other obstacle) has to be determined for the whole protection system depending on used equipment (fall arrester or lanyard), the clearance distance is the sum of distances for each device.

G. BASIC PRINCIPLES OF USE

- 1. Before installing the anchor point, read this manual and strictly adhere to its recommendations.
- 2. This manual must always be available for the installer or operator of the anchor point.
- 3. The anchor point can be installed only by persons with appropriate knowledge and experience in this field, in particular the knowledge of the EN795 standard, the knowledge of anchor installation in accordance with the quidelines of their manufacturers and the knowledge of this manual. The installed anchor point must be checked (approved) by a person competent in this area (e.g. an engineer or a qualified designer), who must also check the construction the building at the attachment point in terms of its strength
- 4. The constructor of the anchor point is entirely responsible for its installation. Neither the manufacturer nor the distributor is responsible for careless or inconsistent with the recommendations assembly. Upon request, the manufacturer and/or distributor provide all necessary technical information concerning the product, its assembly technology, inspection and the product's declaration of conformity.
- 5. The personal protective equipment used with the anchor point must be attached using a connector compliant with EN362, taking into account the recommendations contained in the instructions for use of this equipment.
- 6. AT180 or AT181 must only be used for the attachment of personal protective equipment against falls from a height, in accordance with EN795 type A, in such a way that the created protective system complies with EN363 standards.
- 7. In the case of the installation in materials other than those specified in this manual (e.g. in wood) the calculations checking the compliance of the strength of the attachment with EN795 must be commissioned to a qualified designer.
- 8. It is forbidden to use the anchor point with apparent defects (corrosion, cracks, deformation).
- 9. It is forbidden to use the anchor point, which was involved in arresting a fall.
- 10. It is forbidden to attach more than one person.
- 11. Using the anchor point for hoisting loads is forbiden
- 12. Unauthorized modifications of the device are forbidden
- 13. During the installation, the protective system must be planned in such a manner that the anchor point is located above the user.
- 14. In the protection system limiting force of fall below < 6 kN has fo be used for example retractable fall arrester or lanyard with energy absorber

H. THE ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLES FOR USERS OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AGAINST FALLS FROM A HEIGHT

- . personal protective equipment shall only be used by a person trained and competent in its safe use.
- personal protective equipment must not be used by a person with medical condition that could affect the safety of the equipment user in normal and emergency use.
- a rescue plan shall be in place to deal with any emergencies that could arise during the work.
- . it is forbidden to make any alterations or additions to the equipment without the manufacturer's prior written consent.
- any repair shall only be carried out by equipment manufacturer or his certified representative.
- personal protective equipment shall not be used outside its limitations, or for any purpose other than that for which it is intended.
- personal protective equipment should be a personal issue item.
- before use ensure about the compatibility of items of equipment assembled into a fall arrest system. Periodically check connecting and adjusting of the equipment components to avoid accidental loosening or disconnecting of the components. it is forbidden to use combinations of items of equipment in which the safe function of any one item is affected by or interferes with the safe function of another.
- before each use of personal protective equipment it is obligatory to carry out a pre-use check of the equipment, to ensure that it is in a serviceable condition and operates correctly before it is used.
- during pre-use check it is necessary to inspect all elements of the equipment in respect of any damages, excessive wear, corrosion, abrasion, cutting or incorrect acting, especially take into consideration:
 - in full body harnesses and belts buckles, adjusting elements, attaching points, webbings, seams, loops;
 - in energy absorbers attaching loops, webbing, seams, casing, connectors;
 - in textile lanvards or lifelines or guidelines rope, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting element, splices;
 - in steel lanyards or lifelines or guidelines cable, wires, clips, ferrules, loops, thimbles, connectors, adjusting elements;
 - in retractable fall arresters cable or webbing, retractor and brake proper acting, casing, energy absorber, connector;
 - in guided type fall arresters body of the fall arrester, sliding function, locking gear acting, rivets and screws, connector, energy absorber;
 - in connectors main body, rivets, gate, locking gear acting.
- after every 12 months of utilization, personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use to carry out periodical detailed inspection. The periodic inspection must be carried out by
- a competent person for periodic inspection. The periodic inspection can be carried out also by the manufacturer or his authorized representative.
- In case of some types of the complex equipment e.g. some types of retractable fall arresters the annual inspection can be carried out only by the manufacturer or his authorized representative
- regular periodic inspections are the essential for equipment maintenance and the safety of the users which depends upon the continued efficiency and durability of
- during periodic inspection it is necessary to check the legibility of the equipment marking.
- it is essential for the safety of the user that if the product is re-sold outside the original country of destination the reseller shall provide instructions for use, for maintenance, for periodic examination and for repair in language of the country in which the product is to be used.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately when any doubt arise about its condition for safe use and not used again until confirmed in writing by equipment manufacturer or his representative after carried out the detailed inspection.
- personal protective equipment must be withdrawn from use immediately and destroyed when it have been used to arrest a fall:
- a full body harness is the only acceptable body holding device that can be used in a fall arrest system.
- in full body harness use only attaching points marked with big letter "A" to attach a fall arrest system.
- the anchor device or anchor point for the fall arrest system should always be positioned, and the work carried out in such a way, as to minimise both the potential for falls and potential fall distance. The anchor device/point should be placed above the position of the user. The shape and construction of the anchor device/point shall not allowed to self-acting disconnection of the equipment. Minimal static strength of the anchor device/point is 12 kN, It is recommended to use certified and marked structural anchor point complied with EN795.
- it is obligatory to verify the free space required beneath the user at the workplace before each occasion of use the fall arrest system, so that, in the case of a fall, there will be no collision with the ground or other obstacle in the fall path. The required value of the free space should be taken from instruction manual of used